There are even instances in Scripture where certain persons pray to Jesus after His death. In the Book of Acts we read how, "as they were stoning Stephen, he prayed, ‘Lord Jesus, receive my spirit’" (Acts 7:59). In Acts 9:10–17, we read that "the Lord" told Ananias to go and find Saul (vs. 11), who had just been blinded by an epiphany of Jesus on the way to Damascus. Yet, when Ananias told Paul what he heard in prayer, he said that it was "the Lord Jesus" who sent him so that Saul might regain his sight and be filled with the Spirit (vs. 17). This can only mean that Ananias spoke with Jesus Himself in prayer. This is both an act of worship and a clear indication (from the powers and prerogatives exercised) that Jesus is God.

Jesus’ Exaltation as God in Heaven

Jesus sits in heaven at the right hand of the Father, where He is worshiped by all the angels and saints:

Revelation 4:9–11 “And whenever the living creatures give glory and honor and thanks to him who is seated on the throne, who lives for ever and ever, the twenty-four elders fall down before him who is seated on the throne and worship him who lives for ever and ever; they cast their crowns before the throne, singing, ‘Worthy art thou, our Lord and God, to receive glory and honor and power, for thou didst create all things, and by thy will they existed and were created.’”

Revelation 5:8, 12–14 “And when he had taken the scroll, the four living creatures and the twenty-four elders fell down before the Lamb, each holding a harp, and with golden bowls full of incense, which are the prayers of the saints ... saying with a loud voice, ‘Worthy is the Lamb who was slain, to receive power and wealth and wisdom and might and honor and glory and blessing!’ And I heard every creature in heaven and on earth and under the earth and in the sea, and all therein, saying, ‘To him who sits upon the throne and to the Lamb be blessing and honor and glory and might for ever and ever! And the four living creatures said, ‘Amen!’ and the elders fell down and worshiped.’”

Revelation 7:11–12 “And all the angels stood round the throne and round the elders and the four living creatures, and they fell on their faces before the throne and worshiped God, saying, ‘Amen! Blessing and glory and wisdom and thanksgiving and honor and power and might be to our God for ever and ever! Amen.’”

Literally, all of the terms of worship and praise applied to the Father in Revelation are also applied to Jesus. The conclusion is inescapable: He is, and must be, God.

Conclusion

The foregoing is very clear. And to think, we’ve really only scratched the surface of the biblical evidence in favor of the divinity of Jesus! We could also discuss the attributes of God that Jesus possesses, such as His omnipotence and omniscience. We could look closer at the other titles of Jesus, such as “Christ,” “Lord,” “Savior,” “the Word,” “King of kings,” etc. We could look at the Old Testament prophecies about God that Jesus fulfills. The point is that scripture is clear — abundantly clear — that Jesus is God, a statement of faith that is really the foundation of all of Christianity.

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Prayer of Consecration to Jesus

God our Father, I believe that you created me out of love. In a thousand ways I have sinned against you. I repent of all of my sins. Please forgive me.

Thank you for sending your Son to die for me, to save me from hell. I choose this day to renew my covenant with you and to place Jesus at the center of my heart. I surrender to Him as Lord over my whole life.

I ask you now to flood my heart and soul with your Holy Spirit and to grant me the gift of new life. Give me the grace and courage to live as a missionary disciple for the rest of my days. Amen.
The Divinity of Christ

All Christians at all times have made a claim about Jesus Christ that no other religion has ever made about its leader: namely, that He is God in the flesh. Unfortunately, this doctrine that many Christians take for granted is now coming under vigorous attack from many quarters, even among those who claim to believe in the inspiration of the Bible. Does the Bible indeed teach that Jesus is God?

Jesus Called Himself “God”

First of all, it is clear that Jesus referred to himself as God. “ Truly, truly, I say to you, before Abraham was, I AM” (Jn 8:58). “I AM” is the Divine Name, the unutterable name, the name revealed to Moses from the burning bush (cf. Ex 3:13–14). By taking upon Himself the Divine Name, Jesus is declaring His divinity. The passage from John's gospel also strongly implies that Jesus is outside of time: an attribute that only God possesses. If Jesus is not God, then His words here are completely nonsensical.

Jesus' words during His Temptation in the desert are also instructive. When Satan tempted Jesus to throw Himself off a cliff, even presuming to quote Scripture so as to make the temptation more persuasive, Jesus responded by saying, “You should not tempt the Lord your God” (Mt 4:7) — in reference to Himself! Satan was tempting God by tempting Jesus, and Jesus made sure that Satan knew it.

Jesus also called Himself the “Son of God,” which, to the Jewish mindset, was a very radical statement. During Jesus' trial before the Jewish leaders, the High Priest said to Jesus, “I adjure you by the living God, tell us if you are the Christ, the Son of God” (Mt 26:63). Jesus responded by saying, “You have said so” (vs. 64), or as the NIV has it, “Yes, it is as you say.” The High Priest responded by saying, “You have said so” (vs. 65).

Later, before Pontius Pilate, the Jews said, “We have a law, and by that law he ought to die, because he has made himself the Son of God” (Jn 19:7). They knew that to declare oneself to be “the Son of God” was to declare that one was of the same nature with God. The son of a father always takes on the nature of the father. Or, as the Letter to the Hebrews tells us, the Son “reflects the glory of God and bears the very stamp of his nature” (1:3).

The Jews rebuked Jesus for healing a man who couldn't walk, and telling him to carry his pallet on the Sabbath. Jesus responded by saying, “My Father is working still, and I am working” (Jn 5:17). Immediately after this, John is sure to tell us, in case we are not convinced, “This was why the Jews sought all the more to kill him, because he not only broke the sabbath but also called God his Father, making himself equal with God” (vs. 18).

Jesus, in order to make this more explicit, even said to the Jews, “I and the Father are one” (Jn 10:30). When they heard this, “The Jews took up stones again to stone him” (vs. 31). Jesus answered them, “I have shown you many good works from the Father; for which of these do you stone me?” (vs. 32) The Jews answered him, “It is not for a good work that we stone you but for blasphemy; because you, being a man, make yourself God” (vs. 33).

Finally, when John, in his Revelation, saw a vision of “the Son of Man,” this figure said to him, “Fear not, I am the first and the last” (Rev 1:17). By saying this, the Son of Man was equating Himself with “the Lord God, who is and who was and who is to come, the Almighty” who said, “I am the Alpha and the Omega” (vs. 8). Jesus, of course, is this “Son of Man.” He used this title for Himself on many occasions throughout His ministry (28 times in Matthew's Gospel alone).

People Called Jesus “God”

In many passages, the apostles and followers of Christ call Him “God” as well. John began his Gospel with these words: “In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the word was God” (Jn 1:1). We know that this “Word” is the Second Person of the Trinity made man — Jesus Christ — for John says a few verses later, “And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us, full of grace and truth; and we beheld his glory, glory as of the only Son from the Father” (vs. 14). John also called Jesus “the true God and eternal life” in his first letter (5:20).

Peter, for his part, accused the Jews in the Temple of killing “the Author of life” when they asked that Barabbas be released and sent Jesus to be crucified (cf. Acts 3:12–15). And yet, Paul is clear that it is God who gives life to all things (cf. 1 Tim 6:13). Thus, Jesus cannot be the Author of life (or Creator) unless He is God. Peter specifically called Jesus “our God and Savior” in his second letter (1:1), as did Paul (cf. Titus 2:13). Paul also said of Christ that “in him the whole fulness of deity dwells bodily” (Col 2:9). According to Paul, Christ is the one, “who, though he was in the form of God, did not count equality with God a thing to be grasped,” or, as the Douay-Rheims has it, “thought it not robbery to be equal with God” (Phil 2:6).

God the Father Called Jesus “God”

The words of God in the Letter to the Hebrews are very interesting:

Hebrews 1:5–8 “For to what angel did God ever say, ‘Thou art my Son, today I have begotten thee?’ Or again, ‘I will be to him a father, and he shall be to me a son?’ But as regards the one to whom he says, ‘Thou art my Son, today I have begotten thee,’ this is the one who says to the angels, ‘I will be to him a father, and he shall be to me a son.’ And when he again strengthens his son, he says, ‘Thy throne, O God, is forever and ever,’ therefore you stone him” (Mt 28:9). Jesus later appeared on a mountain in Galilee and “when they saw him they worshiped him” (vs. 17). When Jesus ascended into heaven, the apostles “worshipped him, and returned to Jerusalem with great joy” (Lk 24:51–52, KJV).